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联合国
粮食及
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Food
and
Agriculture
Organization
of
the
United
Nations

Organisation
des
Nations
Unies
pour
l'alimentation
et
l'agriculture

Organización
de las
Naciones
Unidas
para la
Agricultura
y la
Alimentación

COMMISSION ON PHYTOSANITARY MEASURES

Third Session

Rome, 7 – 11 April 2008

**Chile's Proposed Changes on Paragraph 12 of Document CPM 2008/8
and Draft Annex 1 of the Rules of Procedure of the CPM**

Agenda Item 9.5 of the Provisional Agenda

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**CHILE'S PROPOSED CHANGES ON PARAGRAPH 12 OF DOCUMENT CPM 2008/8
AND DRAFT ANNEX 1 OF THE RULES OF PROCEDURE OF THE CPM**

I. General considerations

12. These general considerations, although not presented as part of the standard setting procedure, form an integral part of the standard setting process. They are, in no particular order of importance:

- The standard setting procedure is to follow ~~follows~~ a transparent process by meeting the following criteria:
 - publishing all the stages of the rule making process, including discussions and positions before agreements are reached
 - consulting all contracting parties and relevant international organizations
 - making public the funding management of the standard setting process
- ISPMs are to be developed according to CPM agreed priorities.
- All contracting parties to have a chance to be involved and to participate in the process regardless their resources availability. Domestic stakeholders are to be involved through the contracting parties
- The standard setting procedure is to follow a consistent process.
- The standard setting programme is to be carried out within an approved budget and considering the established funding mechanisms ISPMs are to be presented to CPM for adoption after all stages are completed and when no extensive discussion is needed.
- The hierarchical relationship between all groups, panels and committees involved in standard setting process is to be clear.
- The standard setting procedures and processes are to be periodically reviewed to facilitate the development and adoption of standards
- ISPMs are to be science based.

Draft IPPC STANDARD SETTING PROCEDURE
(ANNEX 1 of the RULES OF PROCEDURE OF THE CPM)

Stage 4: Adoption and publication

Step 7: Adoption

<p>Regular process:</p> <p>Following approval by the Standards Committee, the draft standard is included on the agenda of the CPM for adoption.</p> <p>Comments on standards are sent to the IPPC Secretariat at least 14 days before the CPM meeting following guidelines.</p>	<p>Special process:</p> <p>The draft standard is included on the agenda of the CPM for adoption.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - if no formal objection¹ is received up to 14 days prior to the CPM, the draft standard will be adopted without discussion - if a formal objection is received at least 14 days prior to the CPM, the draft standard is returned to the SC. The SC decides, possibly via electronic means, how to proceed, including the possibility of submitting it to the CPM for adoption through the regular process.
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Formal objections should be posted on the IPP asap to ensure that contracting parties are aware of them before CPM.

The ISPM is formally adopted by the CPM according to Rule X of the Rules of Procedure of the CPM.

¹ A formal objection should be a technically supported objection to the adoption of the draft standard in its current form, sent through the official IPPC contact point. The Secretariat would not make any judgement about the validity of the objection – an objection with some technical discussion of the issue would be accepted as a formal objection.