Surveillance: Working together to strengthen implementation

Programme on Surveillance, which will be a coordinated effort with active participation from contracting parties and RPPOs. These efforts will The CPM agreed for an increased emphasis on surveillance in the next several years. This will take place through an Implementation Pilot build on the efforts made since your participation in the IRSS survey on ISPM 6 (Surveillance) in 2012. The Regional IPPC Workshops are an opportunity to share experiences with surveillance activities such as: current status, upcoming plans, and successes and challenges of surveillance activities within your country. Please submit this completed form in advance of the workshop and prepare a five-minute presentation on current and upcoming (next 2-5 years) of surveillance activities

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Surveillance: An official process which collects and records data on pest presence or absence by survey, monitoring or other procedures (ISPM

should be sent to high level immediately. The data of the most important pests products. The national investigation and monitoring on forest major pests was conducted according to the general requirements "timely monitoring, accurate conducted regularly, especially in high risk areas such as coastal areas, border Once a new pest invaded or an important pest infested seriously, the report regions, airports, sea ports, and distribution centers of imported agricultural ADuring the period of 2013-2014, the quarantine pest surveillance were was reported monthly and annually to follow up the pest trends. forecast, active warning" NPPOs obtain information on pests of programmes (detection, delimiting or information on particular pests which monitoring surveys for specific pests) take place in your country? (General What general surveillance activities available and provided for use by the take place in your country? (Specific are of concern for an area is gathered from many sources, wherever it is surveillance is a process whereby surveys are procedures by which What specific surveillance NPPO - ISPM 6) Question 7

A special survey of Opisina arenosella Walker was conducted in country widely.in 2013 to clarify the pest present.	According to ISPM 6, a national monitoring system for quarantine pest was established. 3000 monitoring sites, which normally located at high risk place like ports and marketplaces, were taken regulative surveillance. A wide survey for <i>Leptinotarsa decemlineata</i> (Say) was taken along the broad with Russia and a special survey of <i>Opisina arenosella</i> Walker was conducted in country widely in 2013 to clarify the pest present.	There are a series of standards for quarantine surveillance. e.g. 1. Guideline for quarantine surveillance of Cydia pomonella (L.) 2. Guidelines for quarantine surveillance of Microcyclus ulei (P.Henn.) Von Arx. 3. Guidelines for quarantine surveillance of Diabrotica virgifera Leconte	The best benefit of surveillance programmes is to know whether one new pest is present timely.
concern on specific sites in an area over a defined period of time. – ISPM 6)	What current or upcoming surveillance projects, workshops or improvements are planned in your country for the next five years? Please include surveillance projects of any kind (for example funded domestically, through regional or international programmes, etc). Plan to present this information at the workshop in 5 minutes or less so we can exchange ideas and updates in the region.	rces do you have to share irveillance (manuals, erating procedures, public iterials, etc)? Please list if you are willing to share	What do you think would help to address the challenges your country has with surveillance programmes?
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