Name : Mr Mokhtarud-din Husain

Country : Malaysia

Surveillance: An official process which collects and records data on pest presence or absence by survey, monitoring or other procedures

	Questions	Answers
1.	What general surveillance activities take place in the countries? (General surveillance is a process whereby information on particular pests which are of concern for an area is gathered from many sources, wherever it is available and provided for use by the NPPO – ISPM6)	 (i) All crops which have technical documents (e.g. durian, rambutan, pineapple, starfruit, mangosteen etc) (ii) Industrial crops (oil palm, rubber, coconut and cocoa) (iii) Food crops (rice and vegetables) (iv) Ornamentals (flowers and aquatic plants) <i>Ref:</i> Ahmad Yunos and Ho, KG Singh
2.	What specific surveillance programmes (detection, delimiting or monitoring surveys for specific pests) take place in your country? (Specific surveys are procedures by which NPPOs obtain information on pests concern on specific sites in an area over a defined period of time – ISPM 6	 (i) Mango seed weevil (ii) Khapra bettle (iii) Parthenium weed (iv) Bactrocera correcta (v) Rice pests and diseases (vi) Red palm weevil (vii) Papaya dieback (viii) Banana bacterial wilt (ix) Bagworm of oil palm Monitoring survey: (i) Rubber pests and diseases (MRB) (ii) Oil palm pests and diseases (MPOB)
3.	What current or upcoming surveillance projects, workshops or improvements are planned in your country for the next five years? Please include surveillance projects of any kind (for example funded domestically, through regional or international programmes etc). Plan to present this information at the workshop in 5 minutes or less so we can exchange ideas and updates in the region	 (i) White fly on basil and aquatic plants (ii) Parthenium weed – contain, control and eradication (iii) Pests and diseases of pineapple (iv) Pests and diseases of jackfruit (v) Pests and diseases of papaya

4.	What resources do you have to share related to surveillance (manuals, standard operating procedures, public outreach materials, etc)? Please list and identify if you are willing to share them	 Exchange of information on SOPs, pamphlets and other publications
5.	What do you think would help to address the challenges your country has with surveillance programmes?	 (i) Capacity building in areas related to: Diagnostic Database management (ii) Surveillance planning For area of low pest prevalence (iii) Pest reporting and database