



The list of public¹ National Reporting Obligations as provided by the IPP Convention

	National Reporting Obligation	The International Plant Protection Convention text (<i>quotation</i>)	References in the IPPC
1.	Designate an Official Contact Point (OCP) for the exchange of information	<i>Each contracting party shall designate a contact point for the exchange of information connected with the implementation of this Convention.</i>	Article VIII 2
2.	Submit a description of NPPO and its changes	<i>Each contracting party shall submit a description of its official national plant protection organization and of changes in such organization to the Secretary.</i>	Article IV 4
3.	Publish and transmit phytosanitary requirements, restrictions and prohibitions	<i>Contracting parties shall, immediately upon their adoption, publish and transmit phytosanitary requirements, restrictions and prohibitions to any contracting party or parties that they believe may be directly affected by such measures.</i>	Article VII 2(b)
4.	Publish specified points of entry for plants or plant products	<i>If a contracting party requires consignments of particular plants or plant products to be imported only through specified points of entry, such points shall be so selected as not to unnecessarily impede international trade. The contracting party shall publish a list of such points of entry and communicate it to the Secretary, any regional plant protection organization of which the contracting party is a member, all contracting parties which the contracting party believes to be directly affected, and other contracting parties upon request.</i>	Article VII 2(d)
5.	Establish and update lists of regulated pests	<i>Contracting parties shall, to the best of their ability, establish and update lists of regulated pests, using scientific names, and make such lists available to the Secretary, to regional plant protection organizations of which they are members and, on request, to other contracting parties.</i>	Article VII 2(i)
6.	Reporting of the occurrence, outbreak or spread of pests	<p><i>The responsibilities of an official national plant protection organization shall include (...): the surveillance of growing plants, including both areas under cultivation (inter alia fields, plantations, nurseries, gardens, greenhouses and laboratories) and wild flora, and of plants and plant products in storage or in transportation, particularly with the object of reporting the occurrence, outbreak and spread of pests, and of controlling those pests, including the reporting referred to under Article VIII paragraph 1(a).</i></p> <p><i>The contracting parties shall cooperate with one another to the fullest practicable extent in achieving the aims of this Convention, and shall in particular (...) cooperate in the exchange of information on plant pests, particularly the reporting of the occurrence, outbreak or spread of pests that may be of immediate or potential danger, in accordance with such procedures as may be established by the Commission.</i></p>	Article IV 2(b) Article VIII 1(a)
7.	Immediately report emergency action	<i>Nothing in this Article shall prevent any contracting party from taking appropriate emergency action on the detection of a pest posing a potential threat to its territories or the report of such a detection. Any such action shall be evaluated as soon as possible to ensure that its continuance is justified. The action taken shall be immediately reported to contracting parties concerned, the Secretary, and any regional plant protection organization of which the contracting party is a member.</i>	Article VII 6

¹ Public= reported via the IPP (International Phytosanitary Portal: www.ippc.int)