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Director-General,
Agri-Food and Veterinary Services
CONTROL OF PLANTS ACT

(CHAPTER 57A, SECTION 48)

CONTROL OF PLANTS
(PLANT IMPORTATION) RULES

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CONTROL OF PLANTS ACT
(CHAPTER 57A, SECTION 48)

CONTROL OF PLANTS
(PLANT IMPORTATION) RULES

[18th February 1994]

Citation
1. These Rules may be cited as the Control of Plants (Plant Importation) Rules.

Definitions
2. —(1) In these Rules, unless the context otherwise requires —

"American tropics" means those parts of the continent of America, including the islands adjacent thereto, which are bounded by the Tropic of Capricorn (latitude 23° S) and the Tropic of Cancer (latitude 23° N) and by Longitudes 30° W and 120° W and includes that part of Mexico which is north of the Tropic of Cancer;

"biological control agent" means a natural enemy, an antagonist or a competitor of a pest, or any other self-replicating biotic entity, used for pest control;

"import health requirement" means any import health requirement specified or varied by the Director-General under rule 7;

"living modified organism" means any living organism that possesses a novel combination of genetic material obtained through the use of any modern biotechnology technique —

(a) that overcomes natural physiological reproductive or recombination barriers; and

(b) that is not a technique used in traditional breeding and selection;

"non-quarantine pest" means a pest specified in Part II of the First Schedule;

"quarantine pest" means a pest specified in Part I of the First Schedule;

"regulated pest" means a pest specified in Part I or II of the First Schedule;

"transit" means to be taken or sent from any country and brought into Singapore for the sole purpose of being carried to another country by the same or another conveyance within any free trade zone.

(2) In these Rules —

(a) any reference to a consignment of plants, plant products or materials shall include a reference to any container, receptacle, packaging material or other article forming part of such a consignment;

(b) any reference to a regulated plant, regulated plant product or regulated material shall be construed as a reference to a plant, plant product or material, respectively, specified in the Second Schedule;

(c) any reference to the importation or movement of any pest, plant, plant product or material shall be read as including a reference to the importation or movement, respectively, of the pest, plant, plant product or material by post; and

(d) any reference to a certificate or document shall include a reference to a certificate or document in
Persons to whom Rules do not apply

3. Subject to rules 12, 13 and 14, these Rules shall not apply to any person who —

(a) with the written permission of the Director-General and subject to such conditions as the Director-General thinks fit to impose, imports any plant, plant product or regulated material for experimental or research purposes; or

(b) brings any regulated plant, regulated plant product or regulated material into Singapore in transit, subject to the condition that the plant, plant product or material is not moved from the point of entry into Singapore to any other place within Singapore except —

(i) with the permission in writing of the Director-General or an authorised officer; and

(ii) in accordance with such terms and conditions as the Director-General or the authorised officer thinks fit to impose.

Imported plant, plant product or material to be free of quarantine pests

4. Any person who imports any plant, plant product or material shall ensure that the plant, plant product or material and the container or any other package thereof is free of any quarantine pest.

Importation of regulated plant, regulated plant product or regulated material

5. —(1) Subject to rule 5A, no person shall import any regulated plant, regulated plant product or regulated material except under a permit issued by the Director-General.

(2) The Director-General shall, in determining whether to issue a permit under paragraph (1), consider whether the applicant for the permit has complied with every relevant import health requirement and the requirements under paragraph (4).

(3) Every permit issued under this rule —

(a) shall be valid only for the period specified therein and for the consignment in respect of which it has been issued; and

(b) may be subject to such terms and conditions as the Director-General thinks fit to impose, which terms and conditions shall be endorsed on the permit.

(4) Subject to rule 5A, any person who imports any consignment of regulated plants, regulated plant products or regulated materials shall ensure that there is, in respect of that consignment —

(a) a phytosanitary certificate; or

(b) such other certificate or document or mark issued by or authorised to be issued by a competent government agency in the country of despatch, being an agency which is recognised by the Director-General, in such form and issued in such manner as may be required under any import health requirement.

(5) The phytosanitary certificate referred to in paragraph (4) (a) shall be issued not more than 14 days prior to the date of shipment of the consignment by a competent government agency or some other agricultural authority, of the country of despatch, being an agency or authority which is recognised by the Director-General.

(6) The phytosanitary certificate or other certificate or document or mark required under paragraph (4) shall certify that every relevant import health requirement has been complied with.
Exemption for travellers from West Malaysia

5A. Rule 5 (1) and (4) shall not apply to any person who imports from West Malaysia —

(a) regulated plants not exceeding 3 in number, whether of the same species or of different species, without potting media; or

(b) not more than 250 grams of seeds,

or both.

Discretion of Director-General to prohibit plant, plant product or material from entering Singapore

6. —(1) Where —

(a) a consignment of regulated plants, regulated plant products or regulated materials is imported —

(i) without a phytosanitary certificate or other certificate or document or mark required under rule 5 (4); or

(ii) with a phytosanitary certificate or other certificate or document or mark required under rule 5 (4) that does not comply with rule 5 (5) or (6);

(b) an imported consignment of plants, plant products or materials is found to be infested with a non-quarantine pest; or

(c) an imported consignment of plants, plant products or materials is found to be infested with a pest (other than a regulated pest) which is not native to Singapore and which the Director-General determines to be potentially damaging to any plant in Singapore or the ecosystem of any plant in Singapore,

the Director-General may, in his discretion —

(i) prohibit the consignment of plants, plant products or materials from entering Singapore; or

(ii) permit the consignment of plants, plant products or materials to enter Singapore, subject to such terms and conditions as the Director-General thinks fit.

(2) In this rule, a reference to an imported consignment includes a reference to any consignment brought into Singapore by an incoming traveller for his own use.

Import health requirements

7. —(1) For the purposes of these Rules, the Director-General may specify such import health requirements as are necessary in respect of any regulated plant, regulated plant product or regulated material.

(2) The Director-General may, from time to time, vary any of the import health requirements —

(a) having regard to the status of any regulated pest, regulated plant, regulated plant product or regulated material; and

(b) in accordance with the provisions of any international agreement or memorandum of understanding pertaining to the international movement of quarantine pests, regulated plants, regulated plant products or regulated materials.

(3) The Director-General shall maintain a register of all the import health requirements for the time being specified under paragraph (1) and any variation to any such requirement under paragraph (2).
(4) The register referred to in paragraph (3) shall be made available for public information.

(5) In determining whether it is necessary to specify any import health requirement under paragraph (1), the Director-General shall have regard to the following matters:

(a) the likelihood that the importation of any plant, plant product or other material may bring any regulated pest into Singapore;

(b) the nature and possibility of the effect of any pest on any local plant or plant product, or the environment in or economy of Singapore;

(c) any obligation imposed under any treaty, convention, arrangement, memorandum of understanding, exchange of letters or other similar instrument relating to the import of plants to which Singapore is a party; and

(d) such other matter as the Director-General thinks relevant.

Application and fee for permits

8. Every application for the issue of a permit under rule 5 shall be made to the Director in such form as the Director-General may require and shall be accompanied by the appropriate fee specified in the Third Schedule.

Cancellation of permits

9. Any permit issued under rule 5 may be cancelled if the person to whom it was issued is in breach of any of the terms and conditions endorsed on the permit or of these Rules.


Powers of authorised officers

12. —(1) An authorised officer may at any time —

(a) enter and inspect any premises or stop, detain, board or inspect any conveyance where he has reason to believe that such premises or conveyance has been used or is being used in connection with the importation of pests, plants, plant products or any regulated material;

(b) inspect any consignment of plants and plant products which has been imported into Singapore including their packaging and take such samples thereof as may reasonably be necessary for analysis and evaluation;

(c) open and examine any container, package or receptacle which —

(i) contains or which the authorised officer reasonably believes to contain; or

(ii) has been used or is being used or which the authorised officer reasonably believes to have been used or to be being used in connection with the importation into Singapore of, any pests, plants, plant products or any regulated material;

(d) prohibit entirely or to such extent as he thinks fit, the movement of any conveyance containing or consignment of, regulated pests or pests referred to in rule 6 (1) (c), regulated plants, regulated plant products or regulated materials which has arrived but which has not yet entered Singapore;

(e) direct that any conveyance containing or consignment of, plants or plant products imported into Singapore be detained or quarantined for such a period as he thinks fit at such place and in such...
manner as may be determined by the Director-General;

(f) direct that any conveyance containing or consignment of, plants or plant products imported into Singapore be subject to treatment at such place and in such manner as may be determined by the Director-General for the purpose of destroying any regulated pest or pest referred to in rule 6 (1) (c) infesting the plants or plant products;

(g) direct the importer or owner of any consignment of plants, plant products or materials to destroy the consignment, at his own expense, in such manner as may be determined by the Director-General or immediately export the consignment, where the consignment is found —

(i) to be infested with any regulated pest or pest referred to in rule 6 (1) (c), and such pest cannot be effectively controlled through disinfection or disinfestation measures; or

(ii) to have been imported in contravention of these Rules;

(h) where the importer or owner of any consignment of plants, plant products or materials has failed to destroy or immediately export the consignment as directed under paragraph (g), destroy the consignment in such manner as may be determined by the Director-General and recover the expenses incurred for the destruction from the importer or owner of the consignment;

(i) seize any pest, plant, plant product or regulated material which has been imported or which is being kept in contravention of these Rules or any import health requirement; and

(j) do such other act or thing as may be reasonable or necessary for the purpose of carrying out his duties under these Rules.

(2) Any person who wilfully obstructs or impedes an authorised officer in the exercise of his powers under these Rules, or acts in contravention of the terms and conditions imposed by an authorised officer shall be guilty of an offence.

Loss or expenses incurred for inspection, quarantine, destruction or treatment of plants, plant products or materials

13. —(1) Any loss or expenses incurred for the inspection, quarantine, treatment or destruction under these Rules of any conveyance containing or any consignment of, plants, plant products or materials imported or brought into Singapore, including the cost of transporting the same, shall be borne by the importer or owner of the conveyance or consignment, as the case may be.

(2) The Director-General may, in his discretion, waive any expenses incurred by him for the inspection, quarantine, treatment or destruction under these Rules of any conveyance containing or any consignment of, plants, plant products or materials imported or brought into Singapore.

Inspection, treatment or destruction of articles and conveyances not used in connection with importation of plants

14. The Director-General may, if in his opinion the circumstances of the case so warrant, direct that any article or conveyance which has not been used in connection with the importation of plants, plant products or materials but which he reasonably suspects to be diseased or infested with any quarantine pest, be inspected by an authorised officer and, if necessary, be treated or destroyed at such place and in such manner as the Director-General may determine.

Fees for inspection

15. The fees for and incidental to any inspection or laboratory examination under these Rules shall be as specified in the Third Schedule.

Making of false declarations, etc.

16. Any person who, being required by or by virtue of these Rules to make any declaration, statement or
representation or to produce any document or who, for the purpose of obtaining any permit —

(a) makes or presents any declaration, statement or representation which, to his knowledge, is false in any material particular; or

(b) produces any document which, to his knowledge, is false in any material particular or has not been made by the person by whom it purports to have been made, or has been in any way altered or tampered with,

shall be guilty of an offence.

Offences
17. —(1) Any person who contravenes or fails to comply with —

(a) rule 4 or 5 (1);

(b) any of the terms and conditions of any permit issued to him under these Rules; or

(c) any direction given to him under these Rules by the Director-General or an authorised officer,

shall be guilty of an offence.

(2) Any person who imports any consignment of regulated plants, regulated plant products or regulated materials —

(a) without a phytosanitary certificate or other certificate or document or mark required under rule 5 (4); or

(b) with a phytosanitary certificate or other certificate or document or mark required under rule 5 (4) that does not comply with rule 5 (5) and (6),

shall be guilty of an offence.

Penalty
18. Any person who is guilty of an offence under these Rules shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding $10,000 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 3 years or to both.

Forfeiture of consignment, etc., upon conviction
19. Where any person is convicted of an offence under these Rules, the court may order that any conveyance containing or any consignment of, plants or plant products and any container, packaging material, receptacle or other article or material to which the offence relates shall be forfeited to the Government and disposed of in such manner as the Director-General thinks fit.

FIRST SCHEDULE

Rule 2 (1)

REGULATED PESTS

PART I

QUARANTINE PESTS

| Name of Pest | Common Name |
BACTERIA
Curtobacterium flaccumfaciens
Bean wilt
Clavibacter michiganensis sub. sp. nebraskense
Leaf freckles and wilt
Clavibacter michiganensis sub. sp. sepedonicum
Bacteria ring rot
Pseudomonas syringae pv. garcae
Coffee halo blight, Twig blight
Pseudomonas syringae
Leaf spot/blight
Xanthomonas campesiris
Bacterial blight (grapes)
Xanthomonas campesiris pv. phaseoli
Common bacterial necrosis
FUNGI
Aecidium cantensis
Deforming rust
Angiosorus solani (Thecophora solani)
Potato smut
Ascochyta gossypii (A. phaseolorum)
Ascochyta blight
Cercospora elaeidis
Freckle
Claviceps gigantean
Ergot, Horse's tooth
Cochliobolus carbonum (Drechslera zeicola)
Charred ear mould
Colletotrichum coffeananum
Coffee berry disease
Crinellus perniciosus (Marasmius perniciosus)
Witches broom
Cryptosporrella eugeniae
Dieback
Deuterophoma tracheiphila (Phoma tracheiphila)
Mal secco
Diaporthe phaseolorum var. caulivora
Stem canker
Erysiphe polygoni
Powdery mildew
Fusarium oxysporum f.sp. elaeidis
Fusarium wilt
Fusarium xylarioides (Gibberella xylarioides)
Tracheomycosis
Hemileia coffeicolata
Rust (Powdery, grey rust)
Marasmiellus cocophilus
Lethal bole rot
Microcyclus ulei
South American Leaf Blight
Moniliophthora roreri (Monilia roreri)
Pod rot, watery pod rot
Mycena citricolor (Omphalia flavida)
American leaf spot
Mycosphaerella fijiensis var. difformis
Black sigatoka
Peronospora tabacina
Blue mould
Phaeolus manihotis
Root rot
Phomopsis theae
Gangrene
Phomopsis exiguava fourata (P. exigavavar. exigua)
Stem canker
Phomopsis theae
Texas root rot
Polycystalium pustulans (Oospora pustulans)
Skin spot
Puccinia pittieriana
Common rust
Puccinia psidii
Guava rust
Sphaceloma arachidis
Scab
Sphaceloma manihoteticola
Super elongation
Synchytrium endobioticum
Black wart, black scab
Trachysphaera fructigena
Verticillium albo-atrum
Verticillium dahliae
INSECTS
Acanthosellides obtectus
Anastrepha oblique
Anastrepha fraterculus
Anastrepha ludens
Anastrepha spp.
Antestiopsis spp.
Anthomomus vestitus
Anthomomus grandis
Aonidomytilus albus
Bactrocera tryoni
Bathycoella thalassina
Bruchus pisorum
Caliothrips masculinus
Ceratitis rosa
Ceratitis capitata
Chaetanaphotrips orchidii
Chrysomphalus aonidium
Coelaenomenodera elaedis
Diatrea abbreviatus
Distantiella theobroma
Epilachna varivestis
Euscepes postfaciatus
Helopeltis bergrothi
Hercinothrip bicinctus
Hypsipyla robusta
Rynchophorus phoenicis
Leguminivora glycinivorella
Leptinotarsa decemlineata
Leptopharsa heveae
Leptopharsa gibbicarina
Leucoptera coffeella
Lissorhoptrus oryzophilus
Melittomma insulare
Menalonium sp
Noorda albizonalis
Oryctes boas (= O. monoceros)
Pachymerus lacerdae
Pachymerus nucleorum
Pimelephila ghesquierii

Trachysphaera pod rot
Verticillium wilt
Verticillium wilt
Bean bruchid
West Indian fruit fly
South American fruit fly
Mexican fruit fly
Fruit fly
Antestia bug
Peruvian cotton boll weevil
Mexican cotton boll weevil
Cassava scale
Queensland fruit fly
Cocoa bug
Pea pod weevil
Thrips
Natal fruit fly
Mediterranean fruit fly
Banana rust thrip
Florida red scale
Leaf miner
Sugarcane root stalk borer
Cocoa capsid
Mexican bean beetle
West Indian sweet potato weevil
Helopeltis bug
Banana thrip
Stem borer
African palm weevil
Soybean pod borer
Colorado potato beetle
Lace bug
Lace bug
Coffee leaf miner
Rice water weevil
Wood borer
Mirid bug
Red banded caterpillar
Rhinoceros beetle
Kernel borer
Kernel borer
Palm moth
Planococcus kenyae
Prostephanus truncatus
Pseudotheraptus wayi
Quadraspidoitus perniciosus
Rhynchophorus palmarum
Sacadodes pyralis
Sahlbergella singularis
Sesamia cretica
Sophronica ventralis
Stenoma decora
Trogoderma granarium
Xyleborus ferrugineus

MITES
Aceria guerreronis (= Eryophyes guerreronis)
Mononychellus tanajoa (= Ononychelie tanajoe)
Oligonychus peruvianus (= Homonychus peruvianus)

PHYTOPLASMAS
Phytoplasmas of apple
Phytoplasmas of banana
Phytoplasmas of cassava
Phytoplasmas of coconut
Phytoplasmas of grape
Phytoplasmas of grape
Phytoplasmas of oil palm
Phytoplasmas of papaya
Phytomonas staheli
Phytomonas sp
Spiroplasma citri
Spiroplasma kunkelii

NEMATODES
Anguina agrostis
Anguina graminis
Anguina tritici
Aphismatylenchus straturatus
Aphelenchoides arachidis
Aphelenchoides blastophorus
Aphelenchoides fragariae
Aphelenchoides lilium
Bursaphelenchus lignicolus
Ditylenchus destructor
Ditylenchus myceliophagus
Globodera pallida

Kenya mealy bug
Large grain borer
Coreid bug
San Jose scale
South American palm weevil
False pink boll worm
Cocoa capsid
Durra/sorghum stalk borer
Berry borer
Cocoa shoot
Khapra beetle
Black twig borer
Coconut mite
Cassava green mite
Cassava mite
Flat limb
Cameroon marbling disease
Witches broom
Lethal yellowing
Coconut Awka diseases
Grapevine Flavescence doree
Pierce's disease = Xylella fastidiosa
Leaf mottle
Papaya bunchy top
Sudden wither
Maize leaf blight/Leaf scald
Stubborn disease
Corn stunt, Grassy root
Bentgrass nematode
Leaf gall nematode
Wheat or seed gall nematode
Lance nematode of pea
Testa nematode
Stem and bulb nematode
Strawberry, bud or foliar nematode
Bud nematode
Pinewood nematode
Potato rot nematode
Mushroom spawn nematode
Potato cyst nematode
Globodera rostochiensis
Golden nematode, potato cyst nematode
Hemicycliophora arenaria
Sheath nematode
Heterodera avenae
Cereal cyst nematode
Heterodera cacti
Cactus cyst nematode
Heterodera cajani
Pigeon pea cyst nematode
Heterodera carotaer
Carrot cyst nematode
Heterodera cruciferae
Brassica root nematode
Heterodera cypri
Nutgrass/Sedge cyst nematode
Heterodera fici
Fig cyst nematode
Heterodera geottingiana
Pea cyst nematode
Heterodera longicaudata
Wheat cyst nematode
Heterodera oryzicola
Rice cyst nematode
Heterodera sacchari
Sugarcane cyst nematode
Heterodera schactii
Sugar beet cyst
Heterodera sorghi
Sorghum cyst nematode
Heterodera vignae
Pea cyst nematode
Heterodera zeae
Corn cyst nematode
Hirschmanniella miticausa
Taro nematode
Hirschmanniella spinicaudata
Rice root tip nematode
Hoplolaimus columbus
Columbia nematode
Hoplolaimus indicus
Lance nematode
Hoplolaimus pararobustus
Lance nematode
Longidorus attenuatus
Needle nematode
Macroposthonia xenoplex
Ring nematode
Meloidogyne africana
Root knot nematode
Meloidogyne baurensis
Root knot nematode
Meloidogyne brevicauda
Tea root knot nematode
Meloidogyne chitwoodi
Columbia root knot nematode
Meloidogyne coffeicola
Root knot nematode
Meloidogyne decalineata
Root knot nematode
Meloidogyne exigua
Coffee root knot nematode
Meloidogyne graminis
Root knot nematode
Meloidogyne indica
Brazilian root knot nematode
Meloidogyne inornata
Apple root knot nematode
Meloidogyne mali
Root knot nematode
Meloidogyne megadora
Cereal root knot nematode
Meloidogyne naasi
Root knot nematode
Meloidogyne oteifae
Stunt nematode
Merlinius brevidens
False root knot
Nacobbus aberrans
Lesion nematode
Pratylenchus fallax
California root — Lesion nematode
Pratylenchus neglectus
**Pratylenchus thornei**  
Thorne's root — Lesion nematode

**Pratylenchus zeae**  
Corn root — Lesion nematode

**Punctodera punctata**  
Grass cyst nematode

**Rhadinaphelenchus cocophilus (=Bursaphelenchus cocophilus)**  
Red ring nematode

**Scutellonema bradys**  
Yam nematode

**Trichodorus viruliferus**  
Stubby root nematode

**Xiphinema index**  
Dagger nematode

**VIRUSES**

- African cassava mosaic virus
- Anthocyanosis of cotton
- Arabis mosaic virus
- Artichoke Italian latent virus
- Blister spot virus of coffee
- Brown streak virus of papaya
- Grapevine corky bark associated virus
- Rice dwarf virus
- Dwarf virus of sugarcane
- Sweet potato yellow dwarf virus
- Grapevine fanleaf virus
- Rice hoja blanca virus
- Grapevine chrome mosaic virus
- Sweet potato feathery mottle virus
- Cotton leaf crumple virus
- Cotton leaf curl virus
- Leaf mosaic virus of cotton
- Leaf mottle virus of cotton
- Grapevine leafroll-associated virus
- Leaf virus of grape
- Marginal chlorosis virus of groundnut
- Mosaic virus of maize
- Papaya mosaic virus
- Mosaic virus of rubber
- Mosaic virus of sweet potato
- Peanut stunt virus of maize
- Phloem necrosis virus of tea
- Peach rosette mosaic virus of grape
- Rayado fino virus of tea
- Cacao swollen shoot virus
- Rice transitory yellowing virus
- Rice yellow mottle virus
- Ringspot virus of soybean
- Rupestris stem pitting-associated virus
PART II

NON-QUARANTINE PESTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Pest</th>
<th>Common Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>FUNGI</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>Cochliobolus eragrotidis.</em></td>
<td>Leaf spot</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>Coleosporium plumeri</em></td>
<td>Rust</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>Cylindrocladium spathiphylli.</em></td>
<td>Root rot</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>Fusarium oxysporum</em></td>
<td>Fusarium wilt</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>Ganoderma boninense</em></td>
<td>Basal stem rot</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>Marasmius inoderma</em></td>
<td>Root rot</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>Rhizoctonia solani (= Thanatephorus cucumeris)</em></td>
<td>Stem &amp; Collar rot, seedling root rot, damping off</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>Sclerotium rolfsii</em></td>
<td>Southern blight/wilt, crown and root rot, stem cankers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>Ustulina zonata</em></td>
<td>Charcoal stump rot</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>INSECTS</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>Bemisia tabaci</em></td>
<td>White fly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>Bemisia tabaci</em></td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SECOND SCHEDULE

IMPORTATION UNDER PERMIT

Name of Plants, Plant Products and Other Materials

1. Plants of rubber ({\textit{Hevea}} spp.)
2. Plants of cocoa (\textit{Theobroma cacao})
3. Plants of coconut (\textit{Cocos nucifera})
4. Plants of oil palm (\textit{Elaeis guineensis})
5. Plants of cassava (\textit{Manihot esculenta})
6. Plants of citrus (\textit{Citrus} spp.)
7. Plants of coffee (\textit{Coffea} spp.)
8. Plants of cotton (\textit{Gossypium} spp.)
9. Plants of maize (\textit{Zea mays})
10. Plants of banana (\textit{Musa} spp.)
11. Plants of pineapple (\textit{Ananas comosus})
12. Plants of rice (\textit{Oryza sativa})
13. Plants of sugarcane (\textit{Saccharum officinarum})
14. Plants of tea (\textit{Camellia sinensis})
15. Plants of orchid (\textit{Orchidaceae})
16. All other living plants or propagating materials such as branches, bulbs, corms, foliages, rhizomes,
seeds or tubers, with or without potting media
17. All living plants that have acquired novel genetic materials by techniques of modern technology
18. Fresh or dried herbarium specimens
19. Mushroom spawn
20. All fresh flowers, fruits and vegetables originated from American Tropics
21. All living Annelida, Arthropoda, Mollusca, Nematoda and micro-organisms
22. All living modified organisms
23. All biological control agents

### THIRD SCHEDULE

Rules 8 and 15

#### FEES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>First column</th>
<th>Second column</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(1) Inspection and certification of plants, plant products or fresh cut flowers</td>
<td>(a) Non-commercial $12 per consignment for the following:</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(i) Plants not exceeding 10 numbers or flasks;</td>
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<td></td>
<td>(ii) Plant products not exceeding 5 kg;</td>
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<td></td>
<td>(iii) Fresh cut flowers not exceeding 24 stalks or numbers.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>(b) Commercial $50 per consignment for the following:</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(i) Plants exceeding 10 numbers or flasks;</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(ii) Plant products exceeding 5 kg;</td>
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<td></td>
<td>(iii) Fresh cut flowers exceeding 24 stalks or numbers.</td>
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<tr>
<td>(2) Laboratory examination of flowers, plants or plant products for any pest or pathogen</td>
<td>$50 per pest examination.</td>
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<tr>
<td>(3) Permit to import plants, insects or micro-organisms</td>
<td>$11 per consignment.</td>
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<tr>
<td>(4) Professional service fee</td>
<td>(a) $63 per hour or part thereof;</td>
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<td>(b) $133 per hour or part thereof (outside office hours or on an urgent basis).</td>
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<td>(5) Technical service fee</td>
<td>(a) $38 per hour or part thereof;</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(b) $80 per hour or part thereof (outside office hours or on an urgent basis).</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

### FOURTH SCHEDULE


[G.N. Nos. S 29/94; S 369/94; S368/96; S148/97; S 137/98]